

Overview

The poster session (2 h 30 min) is divided into two parts. A part is composed of Short Presentation (30 min) and Poster Presentation (45 min). One Zoom meeting ID will be assigned to each session, and the breakout rooms (breakout sessions) are prepared under the meeting ID. The Zoom IDs for poster session are linked from the KJF-ICOME P website. After the Short Presentation, you will move to your breakout room and deliver a poster presentation with a Power Point or PDF slide, for 45 min.

You are requested to submit your presentation slide or video for the short presentation in advance, no later than August 15, via KJF-ICOME P website. There will be four parallel Poster Sessions, Session A to D. Poster Presentation Award will be given for excellent presentations. The ceremony of Poster Presentation Award will be held at Closing Remarks on August 31.

Poster number and presentation time

You can find out which session your presentation belongs to, by the poster number. The poster number for Session A starts with PA, and that for Session B starts with PB, and so on. The poster session will be held in the format shown in Table I. The first half starts from 15:10 and ends 16:25. Short Presentation (30 min) will be given, prior to Poster Presentation (45 min). The second half starting from 16:25 and ends 17:40 will be given in the same format. The arrangement of the presentations is given in Table II.

Table I Schedule for Poster Session (August 29th)

		Session A	Session B	Session C	Session D
1st Half	15:10 15:40	Short Presentation			
	15:40 16:25	Poster Presentation			
2nd Half	16:25 16:55	Short Presentation			
	16:55 17:40	Poster Presentation			

Short Presentation

The poster session will be preceded by a short presentation, which will take about 30 minutes, at the main room of the session. In the short presentation, each presenter will give a one-minute presentation. Since the time is limited, you are requested to submit your one-page presentation slide to the organizer via the KJF-ICOME P website, in advance. **The deadline is August 15.** If you do not submit any slides, we will project your abstract. The slide

submitted in advance will be projected by the chairperson or the organizer. So, there is no need for the presenter to project them. When your slide is projected, you will give a short presentation for 1 min. You may submit a one-minute video in the MPEG-4 format (.mp4) instead of the one-page slide. In this case, the video will be projected and you do not need to present on the spot.

Poster Session

As a general rule, a poster session should be done with a one-page slide. If necessary, you may also display supporting slides or a video. We recommend that you create your slides in a wide 16:9 in landscape orientation, in Power Point. An example slide is attached in this instruction.

The poster session will be held in a Zoom breakout-room. One Zoom meeting-ID will be assigned to each session, and breakout rooms will be prepared under the Zoom ID. Each breakout room will be marked with a poster number. Please project your slides in the breakout room corresponding to your poster number. The audience will enter the breakout room by looking at the presentation number. The way to conduct a poster session is the same as a regular poster session. **Explain your poster to an audience or a group within five minutes**, to ensure that your presentation is heard by multiple audience.

Poster Presentation Award

Poster Presentation Award will be given for excellent presentations. The award will be decided based on your votes and the reviewers' ratings. Please vote for three presentations that are worthy of the prize among the presentations in the session that is the counterpart of yours. (e.g. PA2 presentations for presenters of PA1). Details will be informed later.

Table II Arrangement of the presentations

Scope	1st Half (15:10-16:25)	2nd Half (16:25-17:40)
Organic Transistors Memories, and Photovoltaics	PA1-01 ~ PA1-11	PA2-01 ~ PA2-11
Molecular Photonics and Electronics	PB1-01 ~ PB1-07	PB2-01 ~ PB2-08
OLED Materials and Devices	PB1-08 ~ PB1-16	PB2-09 ~ PB2-16
Nonlinear Optical Materials and Devices	PD1-13 ~ PD1-17	PD2-14 ~ PD2-17
Electrochromic Materials and Devices	PB1-17	PB2-17
Molecular Recognition	—	PA2-20
Sensors and Bioelectronics	PA1-12 ~ PA1-19	PA2-12 ~ PA2-19
Other Related Topics	PC1-01 ~ PC1-18	PC2-01 ~ PC2-18
	PD1-01 ~ PD1-12	PD2-01 ~ PD2-13

The Title of Your Poster Should be in 18-point or Larger Bold Font in Power Point

Author,¹ Author,² ... , and Author³

¹ABC Dept., School of DEF, PQR University, ²LMN Co. Ltd., ³ZZZ Institute

EXAMPLE of POSTER

The purpose of this template is to give you an idea of the approximate size of a poster session in a teleconference. Therefore, you may change the format up to your situation. As a rule, the poster should be one page, but you may include additional pages if necessary to support the results. However, It would be more helpful for the audience to project a one-page poster and explain the results. Please use fonts that are at 12pt or more in the text.

Here we show photo images of the glass plates used in this study. They are 26 x 72 mm in size and the thickness is approximately 1mm.

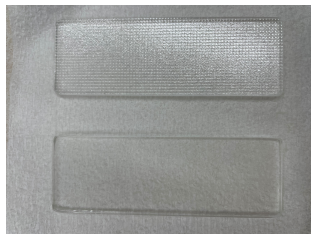


Figure 1 Photo image of the samples.

Neural networks were used to analyze the experimental results obtained in this study.

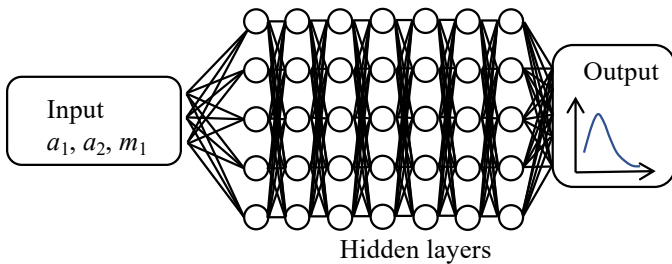


Figure 2 Schematic diagram of neural networks.

The photoelectron effect and the blackbody radiation are as that everyone studies as an introduction to quantum mechanics.

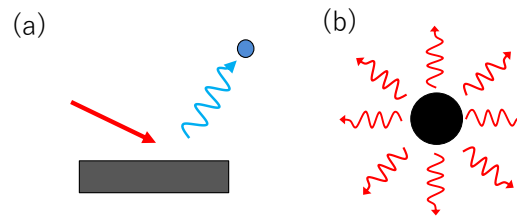


Figure 3 Schematics of (a) photoelectron effect and (b) blackbody radiation.

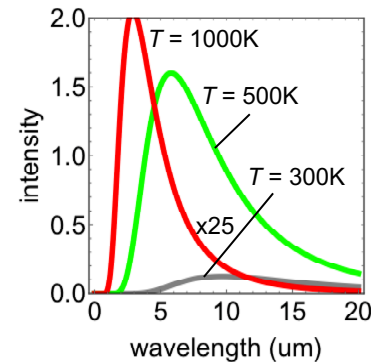
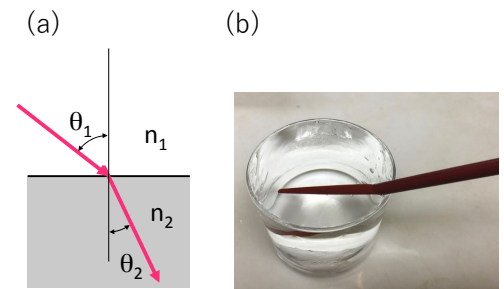


Figure 4 Calculated results of blackbody radiation at different temperatures.

Snell's law can be interpreted as a conservation law for the interfacial direction component of the light wavenumber.



$$n_1 \sin \theta_1 = n_2 \sin \theta_2$$

Figure 5 (a) Snell's law and (b) photo image of the Snell's law.

Conclusion

Create a slide that is easy to see and explain in the Zoom poster sessions. Thank you for your cooperation!